

THE NATIONAL CAPITAL.

FAVORABLE CROP REPORTS.

Material improvement in wheat, corn, rice, oats, barley, and tobacco. The Indian crop is expected to be a success.

(By telegraph to the Dispatch.)

WASHINGTON, July 10.—Cotton has made material improvement during June. There are few imperfect stands reported. The temperature and rainfall have favored the growth and fruiting has commenced in the Gulf States. Local droughts are very rare and the moisture generally sufficient from Virginia to Texas. It is somewhat in excess in the lowlands, interfering with cultivation and stimulating the growth of grass. The general average of the condition has advanced from 92 in June to 96. It has not been exceeded in July since 1880. This will insure, barring drawbacks so likely to come in the later summer, a large crop. The averages of condition by States are as follows: Virginia, 92; North Carolina, 93; South Carolina, 96; Georgia, 97; Florida, 95; Alabama, 92; Mississippi, 97; Louisiana, 100; Texas, 92; Arkansas, 96; Tennessee, 97.

The month has been favorable to the development of winter wheat. Slight improvement is indicated, which advances the general average between two and three points, or from 62 to nearly 65. A very slight decline is reported in Connecticut, New York, Pennsylvania, and in some of the southern States. In Michigan, Indiana, Illinois, and Missouri there has been an improvement, as well as in California and Oregon. The winter wheat region, which does not include the Territories, now promises about 215,000,000 bushels. The condition of spring wheat continues high, though the average has been reduced slightly, the average being nearly 96. Indications now point to a crop of about 148,000,000 bushels for Wisconsin, Minnesota, Nebraska, Dakota, and all the other Territories and Northern New England. This makes an aggregate of 365,000,000 bushels.

The immense corn area of last year has apparently been increased about 6 per cent., or at least four million acres, making an aggregate of seventy-four million acres. The largest increase is in the Missouri Valley. The condition of corn is higher than in any year since 1880, except the last. It averages 94 against 96 in 1884. It is highest in the West, and higher on the Atlantic coast than in the West.

The average of winter rye has increased from 83 to 87 since the 1st of June.

The general average for oats is 97 in place of 93 last month. Oats have shared with all cereals in the improvement of the month. The only States below 90 are New Jersey, North Carolina, South Carolina, Georgia, Mississippi, and Florida.

The condition of barley averages 92, and of tobacco 96.

Reorganizing the Navy-Yards.

(By telegraph to the Dispatch.)

WASHINGTON, July 10.—The Secretary of the Navy purposes effecting an entire reorganization of the nine Government navy-yards not later than next fall. An investigation looking to this end has been in progress for some weeks. Committees at various yards have been examining books and papers covering a period of ten years. These committees have been and are being assisted by a special commissioner sent from the Navy Department. Reports are to be sent to Washington and compared with the books here. The object of investigation is to learn whether or not the books will agree with the accounts in the Department at Washington. It is intimated that already a discovery has been made in the books at the Department show that certain material which ought to be on hand in one of the yards cannot be found. At Mare Island navy-yard, California, the investigation will be most thorough, because of reports of needless expenditures of money at that place. The Secretary has been furnished with the names of a number of persons who say that they can give evidence of fraud in that yard in the report of United States vessels.

Will the Secretary order an investigation of the repairs of vessels in all the yards? was asked of a naval officer today who is acquainted with Secretary Whitney's intention. "It is useless to order an investigation," he replied. "Money has been spent in some cases recklessly, but it cannot be recovered. At one yard the money was expended in repairs to a vessel that was condemned at Mare Island yard. She was brought to the Atlantic and sent on a three years' cruise, and only recently received the repairs that the officials in California deemed necessary when she was there. Charges are higher at Mare Island than in private yards on the Pacific coast. The coast survey official had a vessel taken there for repairs. She needed but little work, yet the repairs amounted to \$50,000. The work was performed by a private company for \$15,000."

In the proposed reorganization the Secretary will manage to dispense with the services of many bosses. The yards are full of material and master that, and they all get a day whether they work or not. Four hours is a day's work in some instances. A sail-maker went from Boston to one of the yards and began working eight hours a day. He was told to labor less time; that he was not to be allowed to accomplish so much work.

The Indian troubles becoming more serious.

(By telegraph to the Dispatch.)

WASHINGTON, July 10.—The Indian troubles, as looked upon from Washington, are becoming more serious. General Sheridan left here tonight for Fort Reno, Indian Territory. The general decided to be at the scene of the conflict. A telegram has been sent to the officer in command, which says the outbreak must be suppressed, even if the Cheyennes are wiped out of existence.

General Miles is expected to arrive in the Indian Territory not later than the first of next week. The hope is expressed that he may be able to quiet the disturbance without bloodshed. He is well known to the Indians, and is said to have considerable influence over them.

"Listen, While I Tell You, Darling"—Always smoke the "Shag" Fine-Cut Cigarettes.

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NORTH CAROLINA EXCITED.

TROOPS HELD IN READINESS.

Threatened Jail-Deliveries and Violence in Pittsboro—Assistance Asked of Raleigh—The Governor's Answer—New Notes.

(Special telegram to the Dispatch.)

RALEIGH, July 10.—Since midnight last night there has been intense excitement over news received that the negroes had attempted to release the three negro prisoners from the Pittsboro jail, charged with the triple murder of the Finch family. Mayor Dodd received a request to send fifty armed men. The following was sent to Governor Seales: "Notes have been found from relatives of the parties in jail at Pittsboro threatening an uprising. The people are considerably alarmed. One note spoken of as discovered was as follows: 'Meet us where we said. We must have the money men first, so we can get guns and pistols, and we will weed the white folks out. They have got two of our men, but they won't let us carry this straight, and don't let white folk see into this. Men set out from Pittsboro to notify the white people in all parts of the county. The women and children were excited and were crying and running in all directions. They were finally all gathered and placed in a safe place and guarded. Two men named Neil and Bryan were arrested at Moncure and jailed as the supposed ringleaders. The Harris was the third at Raleigh, after the capture of Jerry Finch and Lee Tyson. Warrants are out for more negroes. All the white people of Chatham county are in a very excited condition. A portion of the news was received at nearly midnight. To-day came the following dispatch, which quieted matters here somewhat and prevented the dispatch of a volunteer force from Raleigh: 'The strongest force available, and it is most likely that the negroes will not make an attack upon the citizens. Their main object is to release the prisoners.'"

The mayor and chief of police had a conference with Governor Seales. The company at Durham could not be notified to go to Pittsboro until this morning, as the telephone office was closed.

There is no word from Raleigh, so the troops could be sent from here and the force would have to be a volunteer one.

This morning Governor Seales ordered the Durham Light Infantry, Captain E. J. Parrish, to go to Pittsboro. A little later he telegraphed Captain Parrish to hold his command in readiness. The Oak City Blues (colored), Company A, First Battalion North Carolina State Guard, at Henderson, were ordered to march to Pittsboro this morning. They were declined, the Governor saying in his letter: "As the Durham company is located near the scene of trouble now existing, I have concluded to call upon them should an emergency arise demanding the presence of troops. I desire to express my appreciation of the patriotic motives which actuate you and your company, and am very much gratified at the spirit you manifest."

The investigating committee which is seeking to unravel the mystery of the Pittsboro triple murder is proceeding slowly, but perhaps surely. Two negroes have been in jail since Tuesday, and Eek Williams, the last arrested, is charged with the Gunter murder eighteen months ago. The committee, then, will mean that the authors of both murders are at once.

The State Board of Pension Examiners, composed of Governor Seales, General W. P. Roberts, and Hon. R. F. Davidson, is engaged in examining the claims sent in from various counties. They looked to-day at about one hundred claims and allowed about thirty. A number were rejected, over informally and some rejected. Many were passed over for lack of further proof, which under the statute the Board can take.

Major J. M. Wilson, chief engineer of the Western North Carolina road, is now with a working force of the road five miles from the mouth of the Nantahala river. He reports the work as progressing finely. At Balsam station, the meeting point for trains going east and west, the road is 3,000 feet above the sea level, being higher than any other railroad east of the Rocky mountains.

At a meeting held here last evening the Capital Club was organized. W. E. Hawkins was chosen president; C. E. Johnson, vice-president; O. H. Foster, secretary and treasurer. There are 100 members. The club is a resident membership limited to 125.

The following are among the contributions received to the fund of the North Carolina Confederate Home: Governor A. M. Seales, \$100; General W. P. Roberts, \$50. Colonel W. F. Beazley will make speeches at various points in the interest of the fund.

To-day the State Exposition buildings were formally turned over to Major R. S. Tucker, chairman of the trustees appointed by the stockholders, who joined in purchasing the buildings for the purpose of tendering them to the State Board of Agriculture for use as an industrial school. The purchase-money has been paid in full, and all dividends (18 per cent.) paid to the stockholders. This is a greater return than has ever been made by any previous exposition. The affairs of the Exposition are now definitely and fully closed, and the great undertaking has passed into history. The books of the secretary and treasurer show the sum expended to have been \$45,366.38. The buildings are in a capital state of preservation, being of first-rate material, and with proper care will last for years.

Two months ago a dog supposed to be mad bit a colored boy near Mebaneville. The dog was killed and the mad dog was sent to the State insane asylum. To-day the boy was attacked with hydrophobia. The boy is eleven years old, a son of Charles Vincent. He was apparently well until the last day or two.

General Grant's Condition.

(By telegraph to the Dispatch.)

MOUNT McNEIL, July 10.—General Grant passed a comfortable night. He slept soundly, although the night was very stormy. The physician says his pulse is of fair volume at 80, but not so good as it had been up to three days ago. The doctor believes his patient has not recovered the strength lost Wednesday afternoon. General S. B. Buckner and wife visited General Grant today. Grant and Buckner were classmates at West Point, and Buckner was the first Confederate general captured by Grant. The meeting was affecting and the interview lasted an hour. Grant afterwards showed considerable fatigue as a result of the interview, but aside from that his condition is not changed from that of the morning.

Cutting Telegraph-Wires.

(By telegraph to the Dispatch.)

BALTIMORE, July 10.—A force of men in the employ of the Western Union Telegraph Company, and headed by Acting Manager R. J. Blossham, tonight got on the roof of the building occupied by the Bankers and Merchants

and American Rapid Companies, detached all the wires of both companies attached to their own insulators, and ran them into the Western Union office. Blossham said he was acting on orders received from Philadelphia, and no effort was made to stop him. The employees of the Bankers and Merchants Company are inclined to deny that their wires were cut, but have very little to say on the subject. The office is not closed.

Labor Troubles.

The Mill-Men's Strike in Michigan—The Employers Coming to Terms.

(By telegraph to the Dispatch.)

BAY CITY, Mich., July 10.—The strike among the lumber-mill-employees in this city showed very little change last night. What change there was was in favor of the strikers. A meeting was held yesterday at Madison Park and addressed by State Representative Barry of Saginaw. At the afternoon meeting, Mr. Green, of the firm of Green & Stevens, addressed the strikers, saying he would give five dollars to said the strikers, and also accept their demand for ten hours' work, with no reduction in pay. Four other mills are reported as ready to yield to the strikers. Chief of Police Murphy was hung in effigy in South Bay City for striking a man under arrest Tuesday. Most of the saloons remained open yesterday, in defiance of the mayor's proclamation. The Police Commissioners and mill-men held a meeting yesterday, the mill-men demanding protection, but nothing definite was decided on. Later in the day the strikers paraded the principal streets with banners and flags, saying they had succeeded and would get all they demanded. Three hundred strikers leave here to-day for East Saginaw to organize a strike there.

EAST SAGINAW, Mich., July 10.—An advance guard of striking mill-employees, 880 strong, arrived here this morning and paraded the streets, escorted by 250 strikers and 100 police. The strikers were very orderly. All the mills at this end of the river are running, but will shut down as soon as their employees intimate a desire to quit work. The Boom Company will be forced in any event to shut down tomorrow, as the mills at the lower end of the river are stopped and those here will probably close, and the company will be unable to take care of the logs. This will throw 500 Boom employees out of work.

The Troubles at Cleveland.

(By telegraph to the Dispatch.)

CLEVELAND, July 10.—Advises from the Fourteenth and Eighteenth wards, received at 11 o'clock to-day, show that everything is quiet in those localities. A meeting of strikers is held at this afternoon at 3 o'clock in Peach Orchard. It is rumored that an attempt will be made to start the platform on Monday next. Pay-day is next week (Wednesday), when an outbreak is feared. The disposal of the police force and militia on the street armed with today, the strikers paraded the principal streets with banners and flags, saying they had succeeded and would get all they demanded. Three hundred strikers leave here to-day for East Saginaw to organize a strike there.

Arrest of Nihilists at Richmond.

(By telegraph to the Dispatch.)

BRUSSELS, July 10.—The *Moniteur* denies the story telegraphed hence about the discovery and arrest of an alleged band of Nihilists. It says the story has no other basis than a search for two refugee Frenchmen who were living under assumed names.

A Mystery and Fatal Epidemic in Lisbon.

(By telegraph to the Dispatch.)

LISBON, July 10.—A mysterious epidemic has broken out in this city and various other parts of Portugal. The victims are attacked without warning, and die within a few minutes after seizure. The disease is a mystery to the doctors, who as yet have found no effective method of combating it.

Floods in Austria.

(By telegraph to the Dispatch.)

VIENNA, July 10.—Serious floods are reported in Galicia. The Vistula river has risen ten feet, swamping large portions of the city of Cracow and the town of Skavina. Many miles of railway have been destroyed.

The Cholera.

(By telegraph to the Dispatch.)

MADRID, July 10.—In Spain yesterday there was a total of 1,497 new cases of cholera and 700 deaths.

Foreign Notes.

(By cable to the Dispatch.)

LONDON, July 10.—Parnell has selected Sexton to contest a division of Liverpool.

DUBLIN, July 10.—The mayor will entertain Sir Charles Dilke and Mr. Chamberlain at the conclusion of their Irish tour.

The Earl of Carnarvon, Lord Lieutenant of Ireland, traversed the city to-day in a hackney-car. He was everywhere respectfully saluted.

PARIS, July 10.—The Government has decided to build a metropolitan railway underground, and has asked an extra credit of 101,500 francs on account of the Hugo funeral.

MADRID, July 10.—United States Minister Foster has suspended negotiations with Spain concerning the new commercial treaty with the United States.

DUBLIN, July 10.—During a band performance to-day at Black Rock the British flag was hoisted down and a green flag hoisted in its place.

LIMERICK, July 10.—At the opening of the Limerick Assizes to-day the Court congratulated the grand jury on the present peaceful condition of Ireland, and the jury passed a set of resolutions thanking the Queen's Government for allowing the Irish crimes act to lapse.

LONDON, July 10.—Solicitor-General Gorst has been re-elected to Parliament for Chatham without opposition.

LONDON, July 11.—It is reported that the Government is in favor of setting the British contingent at or in the immediate vicinity of Candahar, with the consent of the Amir.

ROME, July 10.—The *Gazzetta* says that Lord Salisbury and Count Sgura, the Italian Ambassador at London, recently discussed the possibility of combined action in the Sudan.

ST. PETERSBURG, July 10.—The Government has assigned 30,000,000 roubles to improve thirteen ports; also, 5,000,000 roubles for Batoum specially.

A Missing Cattle-Dealer.

(By telegraph to the Dispatch.)

HILLSBORO, TEXAS, July 10.—W. A. Jackson, senior member of the large cattle firm of W. A. Jackson & Brother, is missing. About three weeks ago Jackson took a bunch of cattle to Chicago, and sold some and started back south, but further trace of him has been discovered. About \$50,000

and American Rapid Companies, detached all the wires of both companies attached to their own insulators, and ran them into the Western Union office. Blossham said he was acting on orders received from Philadelphia, and no effort was made to stop him. The employees of the Bankers and Merchants Company are inclined to deny that their wires were cut, but have very little to say on the subject. The office is not closed.

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(By telegraph to the Dispatch.)

LATEST FOREIGN NEWS.

Manifesto of French Republicans.

(By cable to the Dispatch.)

PARIS, July 10.—M. Spuller, at a meeting to-day of Moderate Republican deputies, read the completed text of the manifesto which the Republican party propose to issue just prior to the voting-day in the coming elections. The main features of this document are a demand for a reduction in the period of military service to the shortest time compatible with the necessities of the national defense; a demand for economic reform, especially readjustment of taxation and reestablishment of real equilibrium in the budget.

In regard to the proposal to separate Church and State, the manifesto says that, although opinions may differ among the Republicans, all can agree upon a policy which, while it will guarantee freedom of conscience, will resolutely oppose clericalism, which, under the name of religion, is really a union of all factions hostile to the republic.

The platform condemns the foreign policy of adventure, and declares that the desire of the Republican party is for a national policy based on self-interest, firmly carried out.

The manifesto, in conclusion, appeals for union of French Republicans against the Monarchists.

The Pall-Mall Gazette's Sensation.

(By cable to the Dispatch.)

LONDON, July 10.—The *Pall-Mall Gazette* contains, without abatement, the windows and doorways of the *Gazette's* publication-office are barricaded, and the police are in control of the surrounding mobs. The *Gazette* says that it receives every day numbers of cablegrams from the United States asking about the progress of its exposures. Cardinal Manning has accepted the proposition made by the pro-unionists of the *Pall-Mall Gazette* to submit competent proof of all its revelations, including every name and detail, to a party of responsible men, to include the Cardinal and Hon. Samuel Morley, the examiners to have the privilege of reporting to the public upon the affair as they may deem best.

Education for Every Seventh Child.

(By cable to the Dispatch.)

PARIS, July 10.—The Chamber of Deputies this afternoon voted an appropriation of \$800,000 to be expended by the State in maintaining and educating every seventh child born in French families. This action was taken to revive an absolute law enacted during the French revolution in the interest of the masses in civil positions of honor in full sympathy with the Democratic party as represented by its statesmen and leaders. A resolution was adopted deprecating the presumption that cause should be shown for the removal of Republicans from office.

Conviction of Two Murderers.

(By telegraph to the Dispatch.)

HUNTSVILLE, ALA., July 10.—On the night of December 9, 1884, N. O. Freeman, a merchant of Madison, was murdered for his money. After a week's trial (Charles Townsend and Wallace Neal (both colored) were found guilty. Townsend has been sentenced to be hanged and Neal to life imprisonment. Lynch law has been threatened.

Bishop Stevens.

(By telegraph to the Dispatch.)

TORONTO, July 10.—Bishop Stevens, of the Reformed Episcopal Church, will arrive here to-morrow from Charleston, S. C., to take charge of the congregation of the Reformed Episcopal Church in Toronto in consequence of the illness of Bishop Wilson.

Fatal Lightning.

(By telegraph to the Dispatch.)

CHICAGO, July 10.—The *Inter-Ocean's* Rantoul (Ill.) special says: Yesterday lightning struck the house of Henry Kinver, instantly killing his two children and prostrating himself and wife.

Cranberry Bog Burning.

(By telegraph to the Dispatch.)

PHILADELPHIA, July 10.—Fire has destroyed many hundred acres of cranberry bog in New Jersey, and is still burning and spreading.

LATE WEATHER REPORT.

(By telegraph to the Dispatch.)

WASHINGTON, July 11.—A. M.—For the Middle Atlantic States, generally fair weather, northerly winds, becoming variable, nearly stationary temperature.

For the South Atlantic States, generally fair weather, westerly winds, nearly stationary temperature.

For Richmond and vicinity, nearly stationary temperature, fair weather.

The Weather in Richmond Yesterday.

Clear and hot.

Range of Thermometer Yesterday.

6 A. M., 70°; 9 A. M., 76°; 11 A. M., 80°; 1 P. M., 84°; 3 P. M., 87°; 5 P. M., 85°; 7 P. M., 82°; 9 P. M., 78°; 11 P. M., 74°; Midnight, 70°.

Mean temperature, 80° 5/8.

"How Can I Help Thinking of You?"—Sweet "Scotch-Cup" Cigarettes.

TROPICAL CLOTHING.

Comfort is a main thing in these summering July days. A Seersucker coat and a palm-leaf fan are two wonderful helps to keeping cool. We have the

SEERSUCKERS.

genuine Calcuttas as perfect as Seersuckers can be. A critical eye might detect scarcely noticeable places where the color was little blurred—that's water-mark of the real Calcuttas Goods.

Recently, for an inducement in price, we bought a number of pieces not quite so perfect a pin-stripe pattern—perfect in the crinkle and in the quality—not damaged the least, as far as wearing goes. If it were an all-risk fabric it might be called a changeable color. But it's SEERSUCKER, slightly of color; and we know of the price for the imperfection.

A. HARKS & CO.,

STRICTLY ONE-PRICE CLOTHES.

1013 MAIN STREET,

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CARRIAGES, BUGGIES, CABS, &c.

FOR SALE, BUGGIES, TOP-BOATS, AND SPRING DRAYS; ALSO, SECOND-HAND WAGONS AND DRAYS.

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